Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarter Ended April 29, 1994 Commission File Number 1-8649

THE TORO COMPANY
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State of Incorporation)

41-0580470
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

8111 LYNDALE AVENUE SOUTH
BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA 55420
TELEPHONE NUMBER: (612) 888-8801
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

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Yes X No
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The number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of April 29, 1994 was 12,604, 218.

## PAGE NUMBER

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## THE TORO COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.


See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.
Cash flows from operating activities:
Net income . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

The information furnished reflects all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the interim periods. The Toro Company's business is seasonal. Operating results for the three months and nine months ended April 29, 1994 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1994.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company's Annual Report for the year ended July 31, 1993. The policies described in that report are used in preparing quarterly reports.

## 2. INVENTORIES

Substantially all inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost determined by the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. If the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of cost determination had been used, inventories would have been $\$ 17,221,000$ and $\$ 13,365,000$ higher than the levels reported as of the end of the first nine months of fiscal years 1994 and 1993, respectively. Using the FIFO method, inventories would have been $\$ 64,907,000$ and $\$ 54,157,000$ of work-inprocess and $\$ 75,976,000$ and $\$ 58,562,000$ of finished goods in fiscal years 1994 and 1993, respectively.
3. DEFERRED INCOME

The Company entered into an interest rate exchange agreement with a bank during the third quarter to preserve the value of the call option included in its $\$ 50$ million, $11 \%$ long-term sinking fund notes due August 1, 2017, and to realize the benefit of current interest rates. As a result of this agreement the Company received $\$ 5.25$ million from the bank, which is recorded on the balance sheet as deferred income. In return, the Company is obligated to pay the bank $10.25 \%$ on a notational amount of $\$ 50$ million from August 1, 1997 through July 31, 2002 and the Company will receive payments based on a floating rate equal to LIBOR on the notational amount of $\$ 50$ million for the same period.

The net interest rate differential to be received or paid and the $\$ 5.25$ million deferred income will be recognized, commencing August 1, 1997, over the term of the agreement as an adjustment to interest expense.

In accordance with FASB Statement 107 "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" the cost to terminate this agreement at April 29, 1994, had management elected to do so, was approximately $\$ 3.7$ million which would have resulted in a gain of approximately $\$ 1.6$ million.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES
Total assets for the Company as of April 29, 1994 were $\$ 530.3$ million, an increase of $\$ 39.5$ million, or $8.1 \%$, from the $\$ 490.8$ million reported at the end of the third quarter last year. The increase resulted primarily from increases in trade receivables and inventory. The increase in trade receivables is directly related to increased sales volume. Inventory increased as a result of building product to meet increased demand coupled with production plans implemented to accommodate previous consolidation of manufacturing plants.

Total debt as of April 29, 1994 was $\$ 166.5$ million, or $\$ 26.1$ million less than the $\$ 192.6$ million reported at the end of the third quarter last year. The ratio of total debt to total capital of $50.4 \%$ has improved from the $57.8 \%$ reported as of April 30, 1993. The lower debt ratio resulted from the reduced debt levels combined with an increase in equity as a result of fiscal 1994 earnings to date.

The business of the Company is seasonal. Historically, accounts receivable balances increase throughout the winter months as a result of extended payment terms made available to customers (distributors and dealers) and decrease in the late spring when payments become due. Peak borrowing usually occurs in the third quarter. The seasonal working capital requirements of the business are financed primarily with short-term debt. Management believes that the combination of funds available through existing financing options, coupled with forecasted cash flows, will provide the capital resources necessary to meet the Company's working capital requirements.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth sales by product line.


Changes in net sales for the third quarter and year to date were attributed to the following factors. Consumer product sales reflect increased sales of walk power mowers, electric products and the continued acceptance of the new lower-priced lawn tractor introduced last spring. These increases were attributed to heavy ordering by distributors and mass merchandisers in anticipation of a better retail selling season than last year, expansion of the distribution channel and retail network, and strong acceptance of new products. The commercial product sales decrease for the third quarter was primarily attributable to an aggressive introduction of the new Workman-TMvehicle in fiscal 1993 and earlier shipments to distributors in the first half of fiscal 1994 to replenish low field inventory levels. On a year to date basis, commercial product sales are experiencing an increase over the prior year. The irrigation product sales increase reflects improving domestic economic conditions and changes in the distribution network implemented in the first quarter of this fiscal year. The slight increase in irrigation sales year to date reflects some strengthening in the domestic market. The international sales increase was attributed to increases in commercial product sales, particularly the new Workman-TM- vehicle which was new in the market last year.

Gross profit of $\$ 97.7$ million was $\$ 13.9$ million (16.6\%) higher than the $\$ 83.8$ million reported for the third quarter of fiscal 1993. As a percent of sales, gross profit increased slightly to $35.3 \%$ for the third quarter of fiscal 1994 compared to $34.7 \%$ for the third quarter last year. Year to date gross profit was $\$ 213.3$ million, $\$ 36.9$ million ( $20.9 \%$ ) higher than the $\$ 176.4$ million reported last year. The dollar increase is attributed to increased sales volume and improved manufacturing efficiencies.

Selling, general and administrative (S G \& A) expenses increased \$11.3 million, or $19.0 \%$, to $\$ 70.8$ million from the $\$ 59.5$ million for the third quarter last year. Year to date S G \& A of $\$ 179.6$ million increased $\$ 29.5$ million from the $\$ 150.1$ million reported a year ago. The increases occurred principally as a result of investments in consumer product brand advertising, customer support services related to changes made in irrigation's distribution channel, research and development expenditures, a consumer warranty provision for a lawn tractor component modification, and start-up costs for the fertilizer and debris businesses.

Interest expense of $\$ 3.6$ million for the quarter was $\$ 1.0$ million, or $21.7 \%$, less than the $\$ 4.6$ million the same period last year. Year to date interest expense decreased $\$ 2.8$ million to $\$ 10.2$ million from the $\$ 13.0$ million reported a year ago. These decreases are principally because of the reduction in long-term debt.

Net other income increased $\$ 2.0$ million to $\$ 2.8$ million from $\$ 0.8$ million from the third quarter last year. The increase resulted primarily from the settlement of a patent infringement lawsuit and the sale of the portable heater business. Year to date net other income of $\$ 6.9$ million is $\$ 3.4$ million higher than the $\$ 3.5$ million reported a year ago. The year to date increase reflects $\$ 1.85$ million received in settlement of a lawsuit relating to the purchase of Lawn-Boy, Inc., as well as the items mentioned above. In addition to the items listed, other income includes foreign currency exchange losses, royalty income and gains/losses incurred on joint ventures.

Provision for income taxes as a percent of pre-tax earnings was $40.0 \%$ for the third quarter of fiscal 1994 and provision for income taxes as a percent of pre-tax loss was $38.0 \%$ for the same period in fiscal 1993. The tax rate increase reflects the enactment of the new tax law. The tax rate is expected to remain at 40\% for the remainder of fiscal 1994.

We are optimistic about our outlook for the remainder of the fiscal year, and have good momentum to carry us into fiscal 1995.

Item 6 Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
(a) Exhibit 11 Computation of Earnings per Common Share
(b) Reports on Form 8-K

The Company did not file any Form 8-K reports during the third quarter of fiscal 1994.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## THE TORO COMPANY

(Registrant)
By /s/ Gerald T. Knight
Gerald T. Knight
Vice President, Finance Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer)

THE TORO COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE (UNAUDITED) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER-SHARE DATA)


1) Outstanding stock options and options exercised in the current period are converted to common share equivalents by the treasury stock method using the average market price of the Company's stock during each period.
2) Outstanding stock options and options exercised in the current period are converted to common share equivalents by the treasury stock method using the greater of the average market price or the period-end market price of the Company's stock during each period.
